

## Buffered Listeria Enrichment Broth (NCM0051)

### Intended Use

Buffered Listeria Enrichment Broth is used for selective enrichment of *Listeria* spp and is not intended for use in the diagnosis of disease or other conditions in humans.

### Product Summary and Explanation

*Listeria monocytogenes*, described first in 1926 by Murray, Webb, and Swann, is an extensive problem in public health and food industries. Evidence from outbreaks of listeriosis has indicated that the principle route of transmission is via consumption of foodstuffs contaminated with *Listeria monocytogenes*. Implicated vehicles of transmission include turkey, frankfurters, coleslaw, pasteurized milk, Mexican style cheese, and pate. *Listeria* spp. are ubiquitous in nature, being present in a wide range of unprocessed foods as well as in soil, sewage, and river water.

Buffered Listeria Enrichment Broth, a modification of the formula by Lovett et al., was developed after subsequent work concluded that enrichment properties can be improved by increasing the buffering capacity of the medium with the addition of Disodium Phosphate. *Listeria* spp. grow over a pH range of 5.0 - 9.6, and survive in food products with pH levels outside these parameters. *Listeria* spp. are microaerophilic, Gram-positive, asporogenous, non-encapsulated, non-branching, short, motile rods. Motility is pronounced at 20°C. Identification of *Listeria* is based on successful isolation of the organism, biochemical characterization, and serological confirmation.

### Typical Formulation

Enzymatic Digest of Casein	17.0 g/L
Enzymatic Digest of Soybean Meal	3.0 g/L
Yeast Extract	6.0 g/L
Dextrose	2.5 g/L
Sodium Chloride	5.0 g/L
Monopotassium Phosphate	1.35 g/L
Dipotassium Phosphate	2.5 g/L
Disodium Phosphate	9.6 g/L
Cycloheximide	0.05 g/L
Nalidixic Acid	0.04 g/L
Acriflavin	0.01 g/L

Final pH: 7.3 ± 0.2 at 25°C

Formula may be adjusted and/or supplemented as required to meet performance specifications.

### Precaution

Refer to SDS

### Preparation

1. Dissolve 47 g of the medium in one liter of purified water.
2. Mix thoroughly.
3. Autoclave at 121°C for 15 minutes.

### Test Procedure

Use recommended laboratory procedures for isolating *Listeria* in food samples.

### Quality Control Specifications

**Dehydrated Appearance:** Powder is homogeneous, free-flowing, and light beige to beige.



# Technical Specification Sheet



**Prepared Appearance:** Prepared medium is gold to amber, clear to slightly hazy and none to light precipitate.

**Expected Cultural Response:** Cultural response in Buffered Listeria Enrichment Broth at 30 ± 2°C and examined for growth after 18 - 48 hours incubation.

Microorganism	Approx. Inoculum (CFU)	Expected Growth
<i>Escherichia coli</i> ATCC® 25922	>1000	Complete Inhibition
<i>Listeria monocytogenes</i> ATCC® 7644	10 – 100	Growth
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ATCC® 25923	>1000	Suppressed at 18-24 hours

The organisms listed are the minimum that should be used for quality control testing.

## **Results**

Refer to appropriate references and procedures for results.

## **Expiration**

Refer to expiration date stamped on container. The dehydrated medium should be discarded if not free flowing, or if appearance has changed from original color. Expiry applies to medium in its intact container when stored as directed.

## **Limitation of the Procedure**

Due to nutritional variation, some strains may be encountered that grow poorly or fail to grow on this medium.

## **Storage**

Store dehydrated culture media at 2 – 30°C away from direct sunlight. Once opened and recapped, place the container in a low humidity environment at the same storage temperature. Protect from moisture and light by keeping container tightly closed.

## **References**

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6. Lovette, J., D. W. Frances, and J. M. Hunt. 1987. *Listeria monocytogenes* In raw milk: detection, incidence and pathogenicity. J. Food Prot. 50:188-192.
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